SIEMENS 1864



Symaro™

Duct sensors

QFM21...

for relative humidity and temperature

- Operating voltage AC 24 V / DC 13.5...35 V
- Signal output DC 0...5 V / DC 0...10 V / 4...20 mA for relative humidity
- Signal output DC 0...5 V / DC 0...10 V / 4...20 mA / LG-Ni 1000 for temperature
- Measuring accuracy $\pm 3~\%$ r. h. within the comfort range
- Range of use -15...+60 °C / 0...95 % r. h. (non-condensing)

Use

The QFM21.. duct sensors are for use in air ducts of ventilation and air conditioning plant for acquiring:

- The relative humidity and
- The temperature.

The sensors are used as:

- · Control sensors in the supply or extract air
- Reference sensors, e.g. for shifting the dew point
- Limit sensors, e.g. in connection with steam humidifiers
- Limit sensors, e.g. for measured value indication or for connection to a building automation and control system
- Sensors for enthalpy and absolute humidity, together with SEZ220 (see Data Sheet N5146)

Type summary

Type reference	Temperature measuring range	Temperature signal output	Humidity measuring range	Humidity signal output	Operating voltage
QFM2100	None	None	0100 %	active, DC 05 V, DC 010 V, 420 mA (3-wire)	AC 24 V or DC 13.535 V
QFM2101	None	None	0100 %	active, 420 mA (2-wire)	DC 13.535 V
QFM2120	−35+50 °C	passive, LG-Ni 1000	0100 %	active, DC 05 V, DC 010 V, 420 mA (3-wire)	AC 24 V or DC 13.535 V
QFM2160	050 °C / -35+35 °C or -40+70 °C	active, DC 05 V, DC 010 V, 420 mA (3-wire)	0100 %	active, DC 05 V, DC 010 V, 420 mA (3-wire)	AC 24 V or DC 13.535 V
QFM2171	050 °C / -35+35 °C or -40+70 °C	active, 420 mA (2-wire)	0100 %	active, 420 mA (2-wire)	DC 13.535 V

Ordering and delivery

When ordering, please give name and type reference, e.g.:

Duct sensor QFM2120

The sensor is supplied with mounting flange and cable entry gland M16.

Equipment combinations

All systems and devices capable of acquiring and handling the sensor's DC 0...5 V, DC 0...10 V, 4...20 mA or LG-Ni 1000 output signal.

When using the sensors for minimum or maximum selection, for averageing, or to calculate enthalpy, enthalpy difference, absolute humidity, and dewpoint, we recommend to use the SEZ220 signal converter (see Data Sheet N5146).

Function

Relative humidity

The sensor acquires the relative humidity in the air duct via its capacitive humidity sensing element whose electrical capacitance changes as a function of the relative humidity.

The electronic measuring circuit converts the sensor's signal to a continuous DC 0...5 V, DC 0...10 V or 4...20 mA signal, which corresponds to 0...100 % r. h.

Temperature

The sensor acquires the temperature in the air duct via its sensing element whose electrical resistance changes as a function of the temperature.

Depending on the type of sensor this change in resistance is converted either to an active DC 0...5 V, DC 0...10 V or 4...20 mA output signal corresponding to a temperature range of 0... 50 °C, -35...+35 °C, or -40...+70 °C. The measuring range can be selected. The temperature is provided as a simulated passive LG-Ni 1000-output signal ($\triangleq -35...50$ °C) as an alternative to the active output signal.

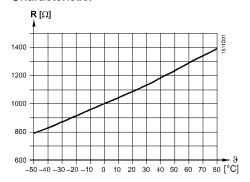
Simulated passive output signal

The measuring current of systems/devices for acquiring the electrical resistance of the passive sensor differs greatly and impacts self-heating of the temperature sensing element at the end of the measuring tip. To compensate the impact, the passive output signal is simulated with an electronic circuit.

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Sensing elements, simulated LG-Ni 1000

Characteristic:

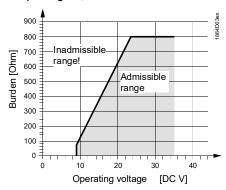


Legend

R Resistance value in Ohm
9 Temperature in degrees Celsius

Burden diagram

Output signal, terminal I1 / I2



Mechanical design

The duct sensor consists of a housing, a printed circuit board, connection terminals, a mounting flange and an immersion rod having a measuring tip.

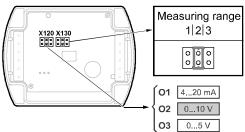
The 2-sectional housing comprises a base and a removable cover (snap-on design). The measuring circuit and the setting element are located on the printed circuit board inside the cover, the connection terminals on the base.

The sensing elements are located at the end of the measuring tip and protected by a filter cap.

Cable entry is made via the screwed cable gland M16 supplied with the sensor. Immersion rod and housing are made of plastic and are rigidly connected.

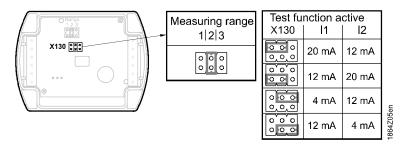
The sensor is fitted with the mounting flange supplied with the sensor. The flange is to be placed over the immersion rod and then secured in accordance with the required immersion length.

Setting element QFM2100, QFM2120, QFM2160



Test function active				1	
X130	X1	X2	B	S-MS	
0 0 0	5 V / 10 V 20 mA	2.5 V / 5 V 12 mA	≘	20 °C	
	2.5 V / 5 V 12 mA	5 V / 10 V 20 mA	≘	75 °C	
000	0 V / 0 V 4 mA	2.5 V / 5 V 12 mA	≏	20 °C	01en
000	2.5 V / 5 V 12 mA	0 V / 0 V 4 mA	-	-35 °C	1864Z05 01en

QFM2101, QFM2171



The setting element is located inside the cover. It comprises 6 pins and a jumper. It is used to select the required measuring range and to activate the test function.

The different jumper settings have the following meaning:

- For the passive temperature measuring range:
 Jumper in the middle position (R2) = -35...+50 °C (factory setting)
- For the active temperature measuring range:
 Jumper in the left position (R1) = -35...+35 °C,
 Jumper in the middle position (R2) = 0...50 °C (factory setting)
 Jumper in the right position (R3) = -40...+70 °C
- For activating the test function:
 Jumper in the horizontal position: The values according to the table "Test function active" will be made available at the signal output.

Malfunction 2-wire QFM2101, QFM2171

- Should the temperature sensor become faulty a current of 4 mA will be applied at signal output I2 after 60 seconds, and the humidity signal at signal output I1 will reach 20 mA.
- Should the humidity sensor become faulty a current of 20 mA will be applied at signal output I1 after 60 seconds, and the temperature signal will remain active.

3-wire QFM2100, QFM2120, QFM2160

- Should the temperature sensor become faulty a voltage of 0 V (0 mA) will be applied at signal output X2 after 60 seconds, and the humidity signal at signal output X1 will reach DC 10 V or 5 V or 20 mA.
- Should the humidity sensor become faulty a voltage of DC 10 V or 5 V or 20 mA will be applied at signal output X1 after 60 seconds, and the temperature signal will remain active.

Accessories

Name	Type reference
Filter cap (for replacement)	AQF3101, AQF3102, AQF3103

Engineering notes

A transformer for safety extra low-voltage (SELV) with separate windings for 100 % duty is required to power the sensor. When sizing and protecting the transformer, local safety regulations must be complied with.

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When sizing the transformer, the power consumption of the duct sensor must be taken into consideration.

For correct wiring, refer to the Data Sheets of the devices with which the sensor is

The permissible cable lengths must be considered.

Cable routing and cable selection

It must be considered for routing of cables that the longer the cables run side by side and the smaller the distance between them, the greater electrical interference. Shielded cables must be used in environments with EMC problems.

Twisted pair cables are required for the secondary supply lines and the signal lines.

Terminals G1(+) and I1(-) of the humidity output must always be connected to power, Note to QFM2171

even if only terminals G2(+) and I2(-) of the temperature output are used!

Mounting notes

Location

Mount the sensor in the center of the duct wall. If used together with steam humidifiers, the minimum distance after the humidifier must be 3 m to max 10 m.

Fit the sensor in the extract air duct if the application involves dew point shifting. Fit only the flange to the duct wall. The sensor is then inserted through the flange and engaged.

Caution!

- To ensure degree of protection IP54, fit the sensor with the cable entry pointing downward.
- The sensing elements inside the measuring tip are sensitive to impact. Avoid any impact on mounting.

Mounting instructions

The mounting instructions are printed on the inside of the package of the device.

Chemical vapors

It is of great importance to understand that a humidity sensor is a sensitive measure device and needs to be handled with care. Chemical vapors at high concentration in combination with long exposure times may offset the sensor reading.

Commissioning notes

Check wiring before switching on power. The temperature measuring range must be selected on the sensor, if required.

Wiring and the output signals can be checked by making use of the test function (refer to "Mechanical design").

To ensure the accuracy of the temperature measurement of the QFM2120 the test function has to be activated and on the controller side the values have to be adjusted. We recommend not to use voltmeters or ohmmeters directly at the sensing element. In the case of the simulated passive output signals, measurements with commercially available meters cannot be made (measuring current too small).



Disposal



This symbol or any other national label indicate that the product, its packaging, and, where applicable, any batteries may not be disposed of as domestic waste. Delete all personal data and dispose of the item(s) at separate collection and recycling facilities in accordance with local and national legislation.

For additional details, refer to www.siemens.com/bt/disposal.

Technical data

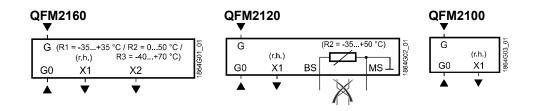
Power supply	Operating voltage	AC 24 V ±20 % or DC13.535 V (SELV)		
		or AC/DC 24 V class 2 (U	S)	
	Frequency	50/60 Hz at AC 24 V		
	External supply line protection	Fuse slow max. 10 A		
	or Circuit breaker Characteristic or		max. 13 A c B, C, D according to EN 60898	
		Power source with current limitation of max. 10 A		
	Power consumption	At "U" output signal	"I" output signal	
	QFM2100	Max. <1.6 VA	Max. <2.0 VA	
	QFM2120	Max. <1.1 VA	Max. <1.5 VA	
	QFM2160	Max. <1.7 VA	Max. <2.5 VA	
	Power consumption			
	QFM2101, QFM2171	≤1 VA		
Cable lengths for measuring signal	Perm. cable lengths	See data sheet of the device handling the signal		
Functional data of	Range of use	095 % r. h. (non-condensing)		
humidity sensor	Measuring range	0100 % r. h.		
	Measuring accuracy at 23 °C and AC/DC 24 V	in		
	095 % r. h.	±5 % r. h.		
	3070 % r. h.	±3 %, r. h. typically		
	Time constant at 050 °C and 1080 % r.h.	< 20 s		
	Perm. air velocity	20 m/s		
	Output signal, linear (terminal X1)	DC 05 V, DC 010 V		
		max. 1 mA		
		420 mA $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 0100 %		
		max. 1 mA, max. 500 Ohm		
	Output signal, linear (terminal I1) Burden	420 mA		
Functional data of temperature sensor with QFM2160,	Measuring range	050 °C (R2 = factory setting), -35+35 °C (R1) or -40+70 °C (R3)		
QFM2171	Measuring accuracy at AC/DC 24 V in 23°C	±0.3 K		
	1535 °C	±0.7 K		
	−35+50 °C	±1 K		
	Time constant	< 3.5 min. in with 2 m/s moved air		
	Output signal, linear (terminal X2)	DC 05 V, DC 010 V		
		/–35+35 °C/–40+70 °C		
		max. 1 mA		
		420 mA $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 050 °C max. 1 mA, max. 500 €	/-35+35 °C/-40+70 °C Dhm	
	Output signal, linear (terminal I2) Burden	420 mA		
Functional data of temperature	Measuring range	−35+50 °C		
sensor with	Sensing element simulated, corresponding to			
QFM2120	QFM2120	LG-Ni 1000		
	Measuring accuracy at AC/DC 24 V in the range of			
	23°C	±0.3 K		
	1535 °C	±0.7 K		
	−35+50 °C	±1 K		
		< 3.5 min. in with 2 m/s moved air		

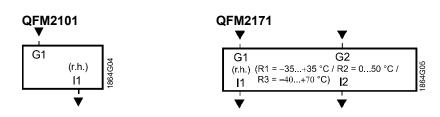
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	Perm. measuring current with	440 404 4	
	QFM2120	1.184.21 mA	
Degree of protection	Protection degree of housing	IP54 according to EN 60529 in built-in state	
	Protection class	III according to EN 60730-1	
Electrical connections	Connection terminals for	1 × 2.5 mm ² or 2 × 1.5 mm ²	
	Cable entry gland (enclosed)	M 16 x 1.5	
Environmental conditions	Operation	IEC 60721-3-3	
Little Conditions	Climatic conditions	Class 3K5	
	Temperature (housing with electronics)	–15+60 °C	
	Humidity	095 % r. h. (non-condensing)	
	Mechanical conditions	Class 3M2	
	Transport	IEC 60721-3-2	
	Climatic conditions	Class 2K3	
	Temperature	−25+70 °C	
	Humidity	<95 % r. h.	
	Mechanical conditions	Class 2M2	
Materials and colors	Base	Polycarbonate, RAL 7001 (silver-grey)	
	Cover	Polycarbonate, RAL 7035 (light-grey)	
	Immersion rod	Polycarbonate, RAL 7001 (silver-grey)	
	Filter cap		
	AQF3101	Body: polycarbonate, RAL 7001 (silver-grey)	
		Filter: PTFE membrane (white)	
	AQF3102 AQF3103	PTFE sintered catalytic filter for H ₂ O ₂ environment sintered stainless steel to DIN 17440	
	Mounting flange	PA66 – GF35 (black)	
		· · · · · ·	
	Cable entry gland	PA, RAL 7035 (light-grey)	
	Sensor (complete assembly)	Silicone-free	
	Packaging	Corrugated cardboard	
Directives and Standards	Product standard	EN 60730-1	
		Automatic electrical controls for household and similar	
		use	
	Electromagnetic compatibility (Applications)	For use in residential, commerce, light-industrial and	
		industrial environments	
	EU Conformity (CE)	CE1T1864xx ²⁾	
	RCM Conformity	CE1T1864en_C1 ²⁾	
	UL	UL 873 1), http://ul.com/database	
	UKCA	A5W00188728A *)	
Environmental	The product environmental declaration CE1E1864 ²⁾ contains data on environmentally compatible prod-		
compatibility	e, materials composition, packaging, environmental		
	benefit, disposal).		
Weight	Incl. packaging		
	QFM21	Approx. 0.18 kg	

¹⁾ Does not apply to the **QFM2160** duct sensor!

²⁾ The documents can be downloaded from $\underline{\text{http://siemens.com/bt/download}}.$





G, G0 Operating voltage AC 24 V (SELV) or DC 13.5...35 V

G1, G2 Operating voltage DC 13.5...35 V

X1 Signal output DC 0...5 V, DC 0...10 V, 4...20 mA for 0...100 % r. h.

X2 Signal output DC 0...5 V, DC 0...10 V, 4...20 mA for temperature range 0...50 °C

(R2 = factory setting), -35...+35 °C (R1) or -40...+70 °C (R3)

I1 Signal output 4...20 mA for 0...100 % r. h.

I2 Signal output 4...20 mA for temperature range 0...50 °C (R2 = factory setting),

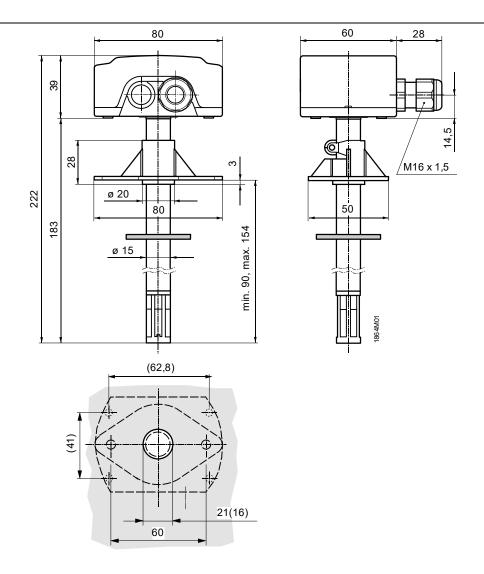
-35...+35 °C (R1) or -40...+70 °C (R3)

BS, MS Signal output LG-Ni 1000 for temperature range –35...+50 °C (passive, simulated);

wires must not be interchanged

Note on connection terminals of the **QFM2171**:

Terminals G1(+) and I1(-) for the humidity output must always be connected to power, even if only the temperature output G2(+) and I2(-) is used!



Drilling plan with (without) mounting flange

Dimensions in mm

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Siemens Duct sensors QFM21.. CE1N1864en Smart Infrastructure 2023-04-20